

# Simulated CBDs for PAH SpRs Project



**Mr Simon Wimsey**

Hand Surgery Topics

Hosted on [www.school-of-Andry.com](http://www.school-of-Andry.com)



# CASE #1

78 year old lady  
Presents with bilateral  
hand and finger pain for  
1 year

# CASE #1

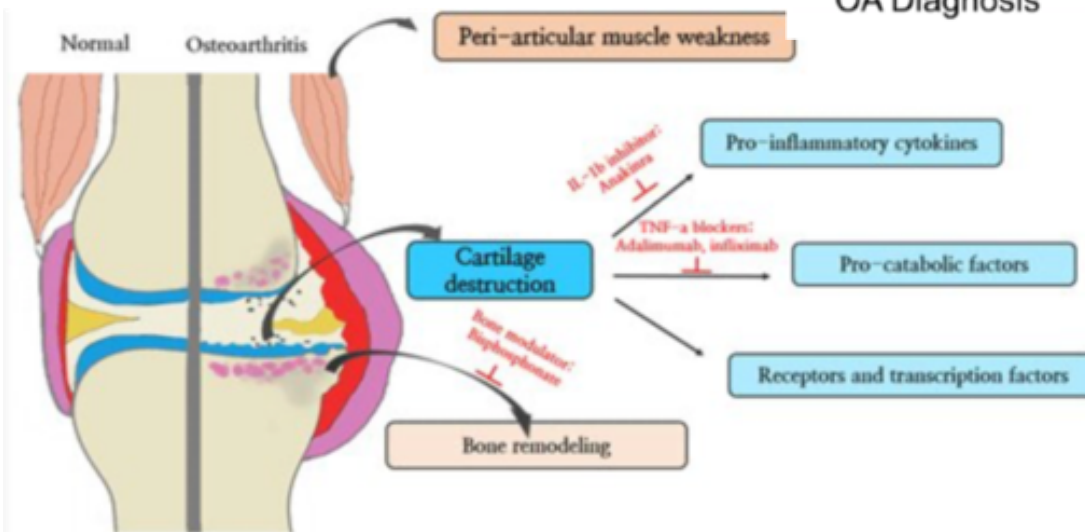
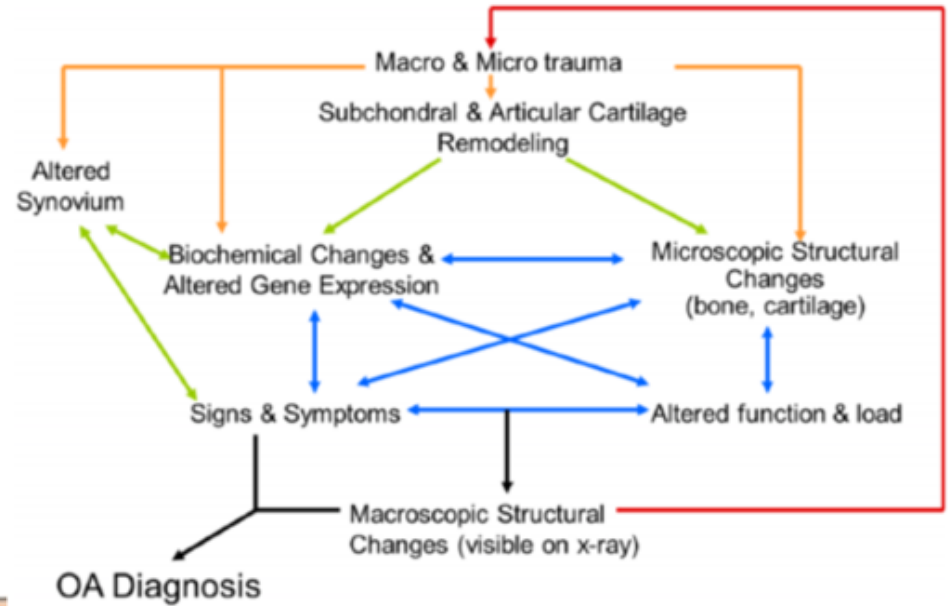


# CASE #1



# CASE #1

## Pathophysiology of OA



# CASE #1

## Management

### Conservative

analgesics

splints

hand therapy

warm wax

taping

### Surgical

fusion

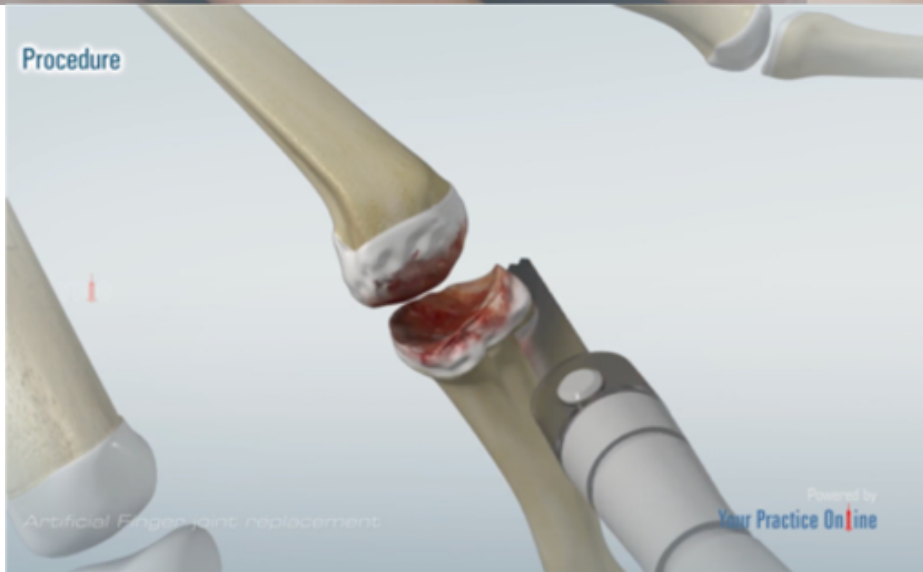
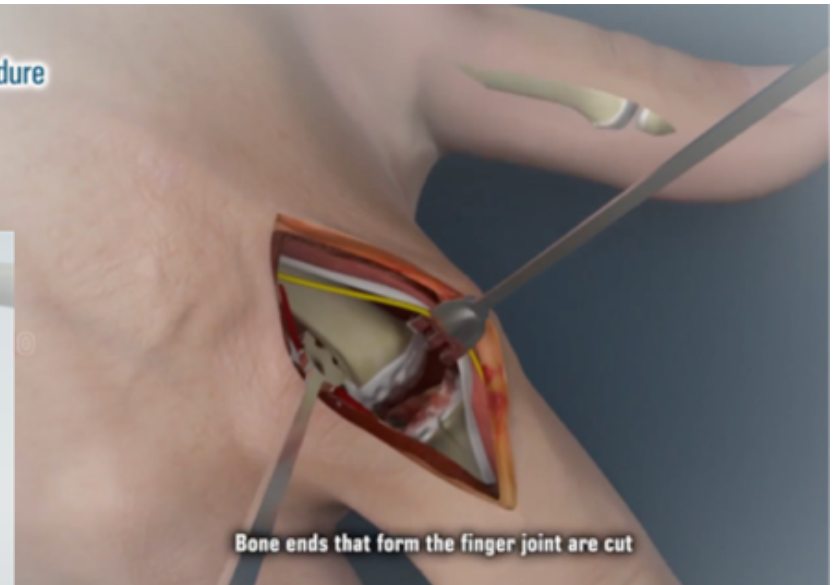
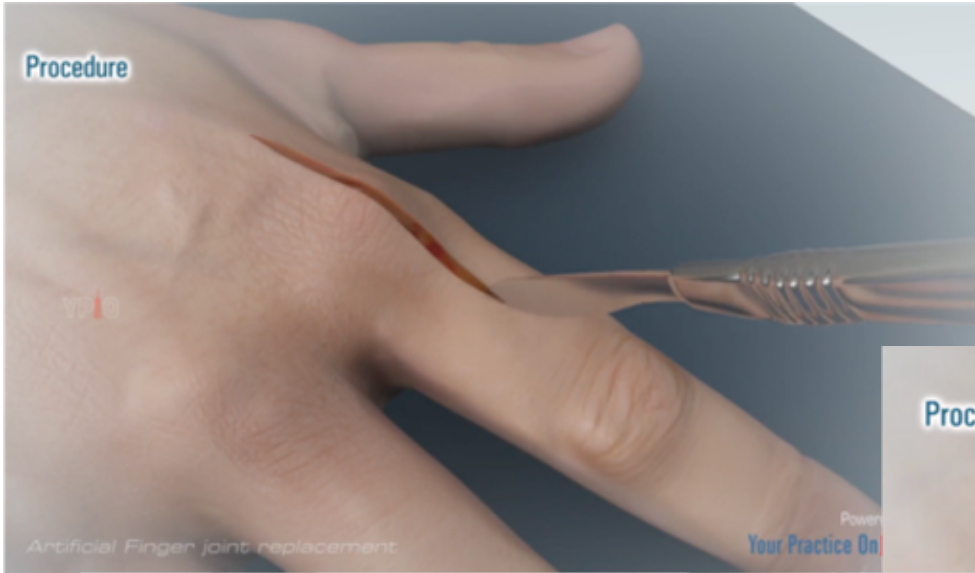
joint replacement

# CASE #1



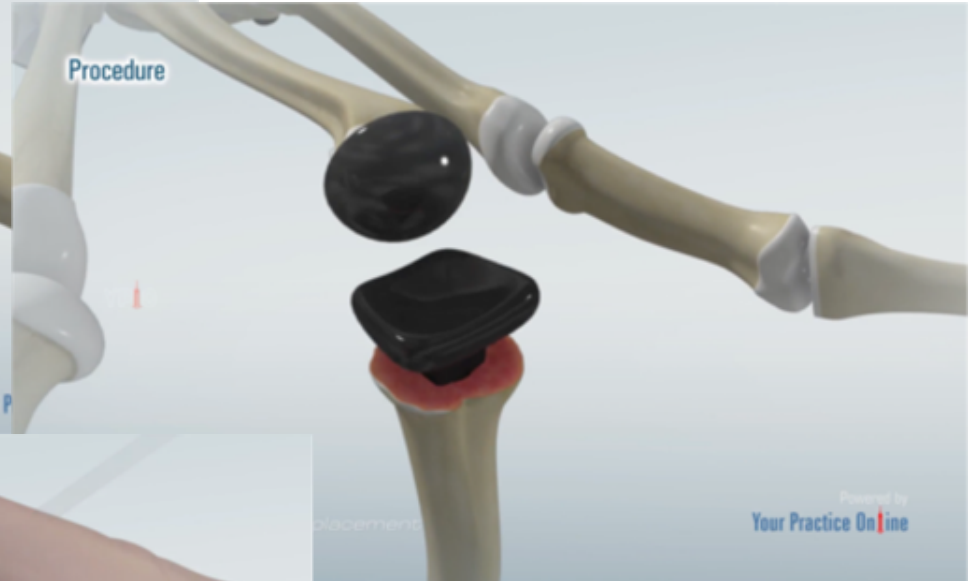
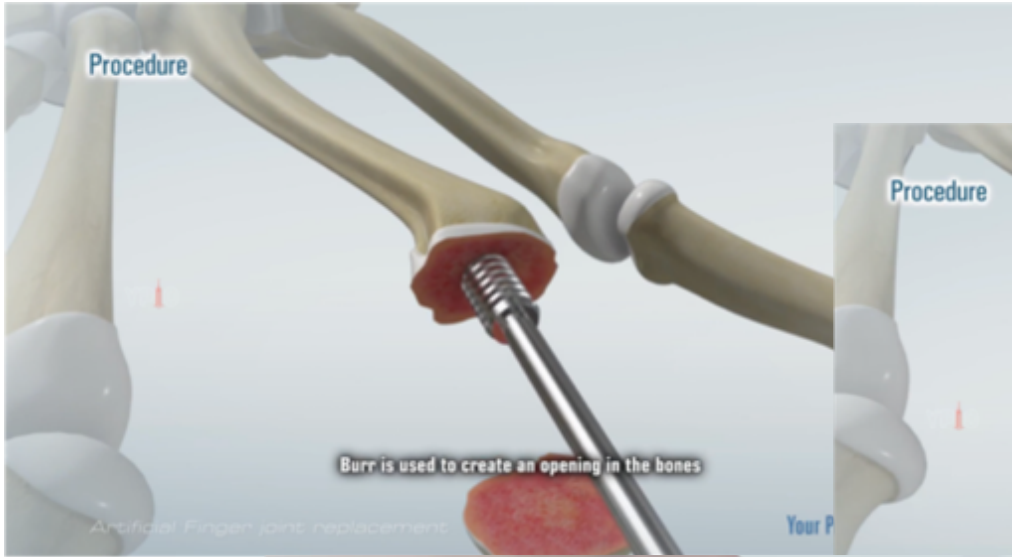


# CASE #1





# CASE #1



# CASE #2

38 year old male  
Injury with garden  
shears  
Finger pulp injury

# CASE #2



# CASE #2

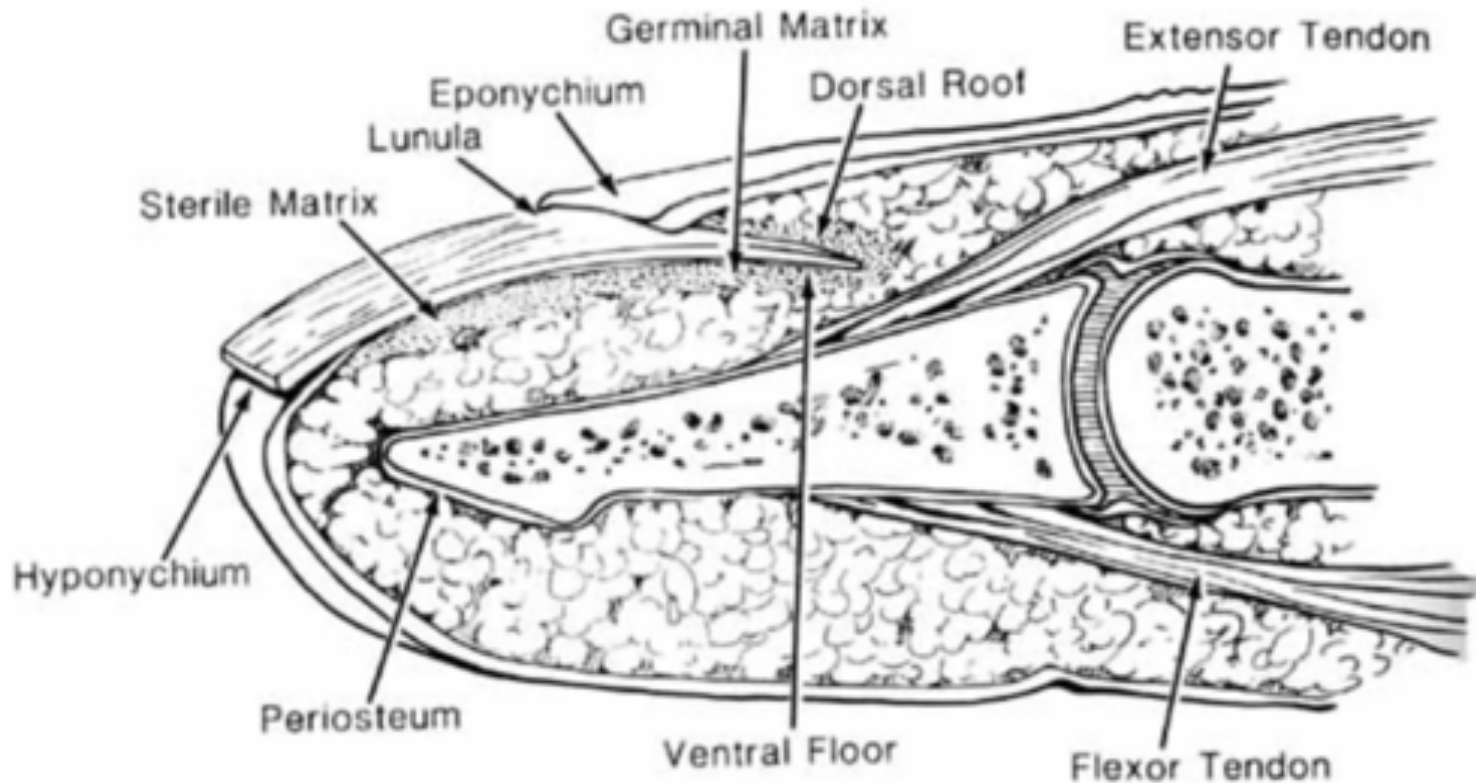
First aid

Antibiotics

Tetanus status

Management

# CASE #2

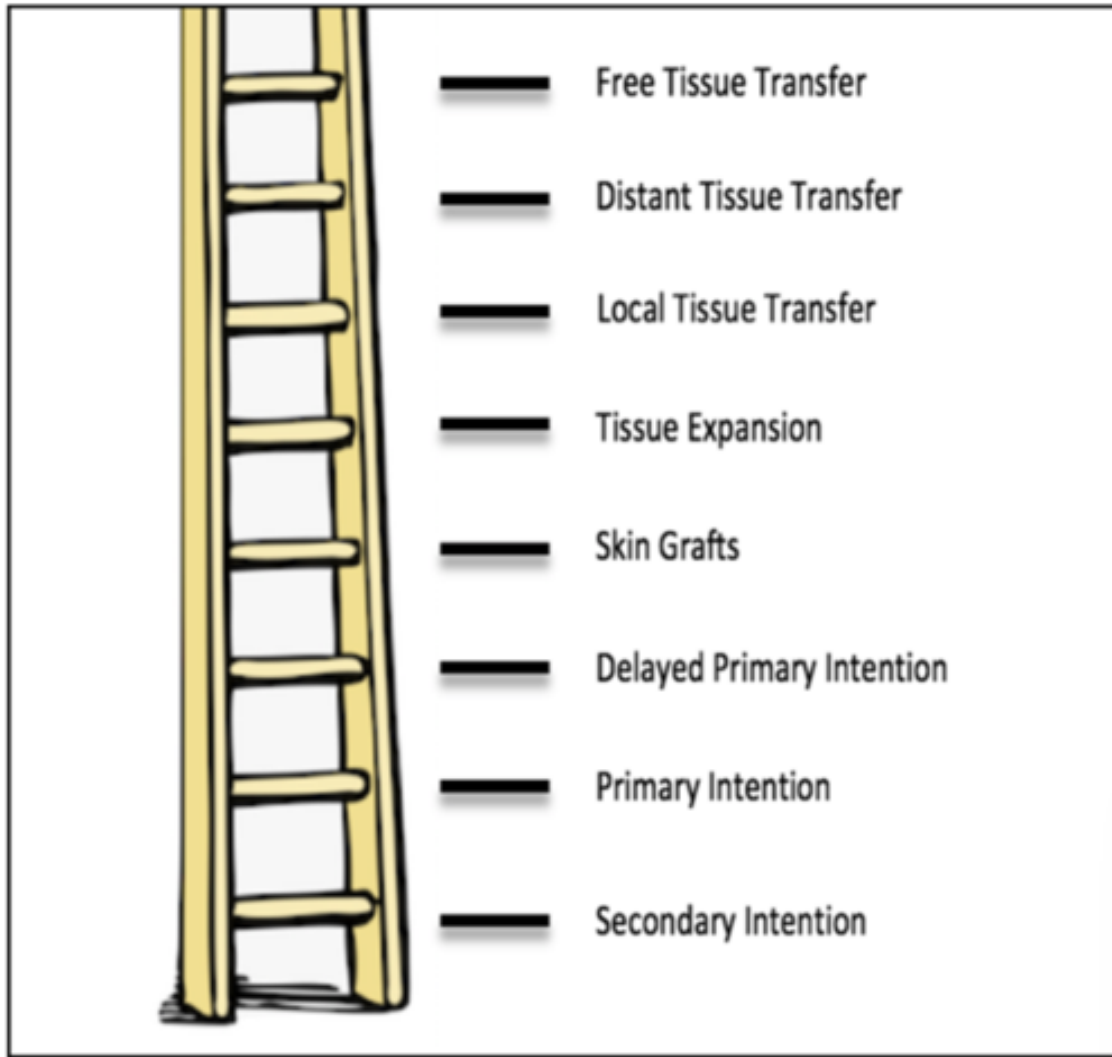


# CASE #2

## Management

- Conservative (cling film)
- Surgical
  - VY advancement flap
  - Cross finger flap

# CASE #2

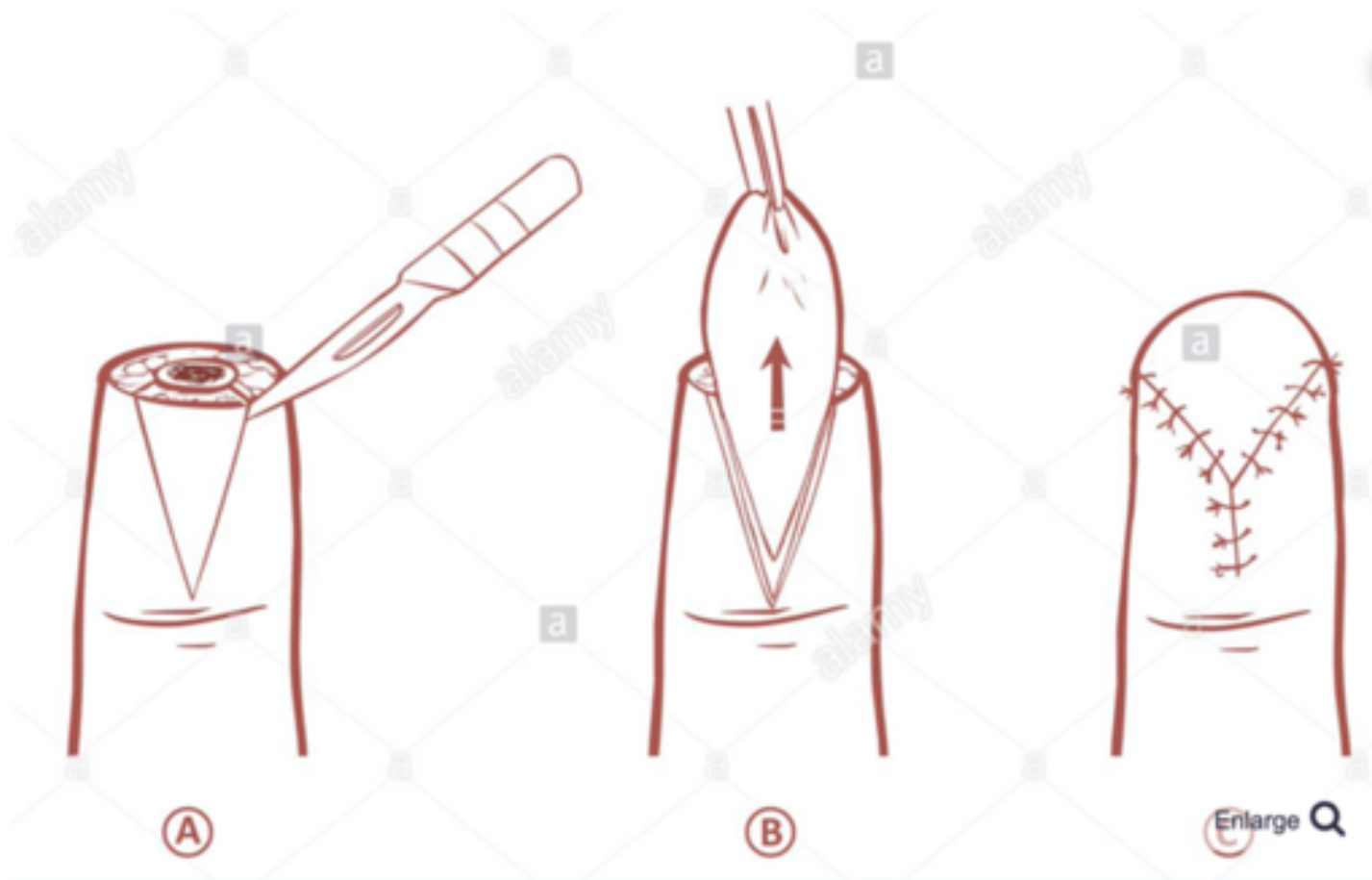


Reconstructive  
ladder



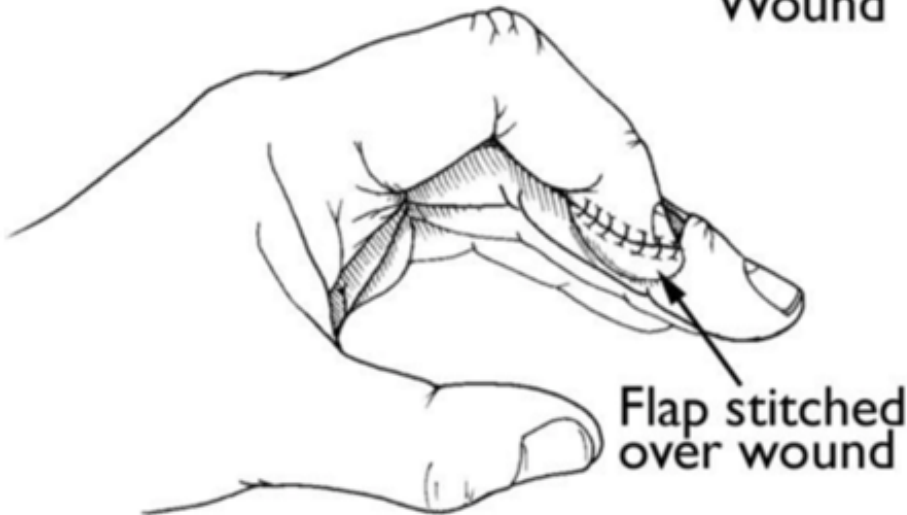
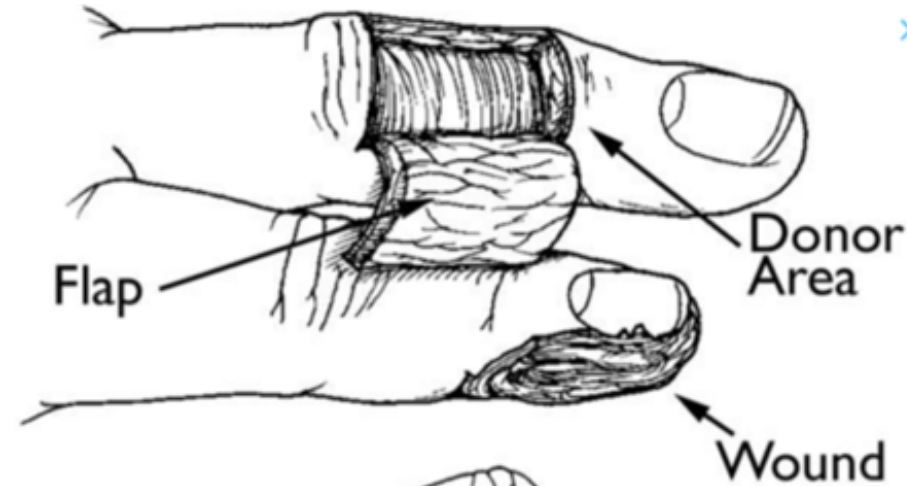
# CASE #2

## VY advancement flap



# CASE #2

× Cross finger flap



# CASE #3

20 year old student  
Fell playing netball 5  
months ago  
Subsequent fall 4  
weeks ago  
Ongoing pain and  
clicking in right wrist

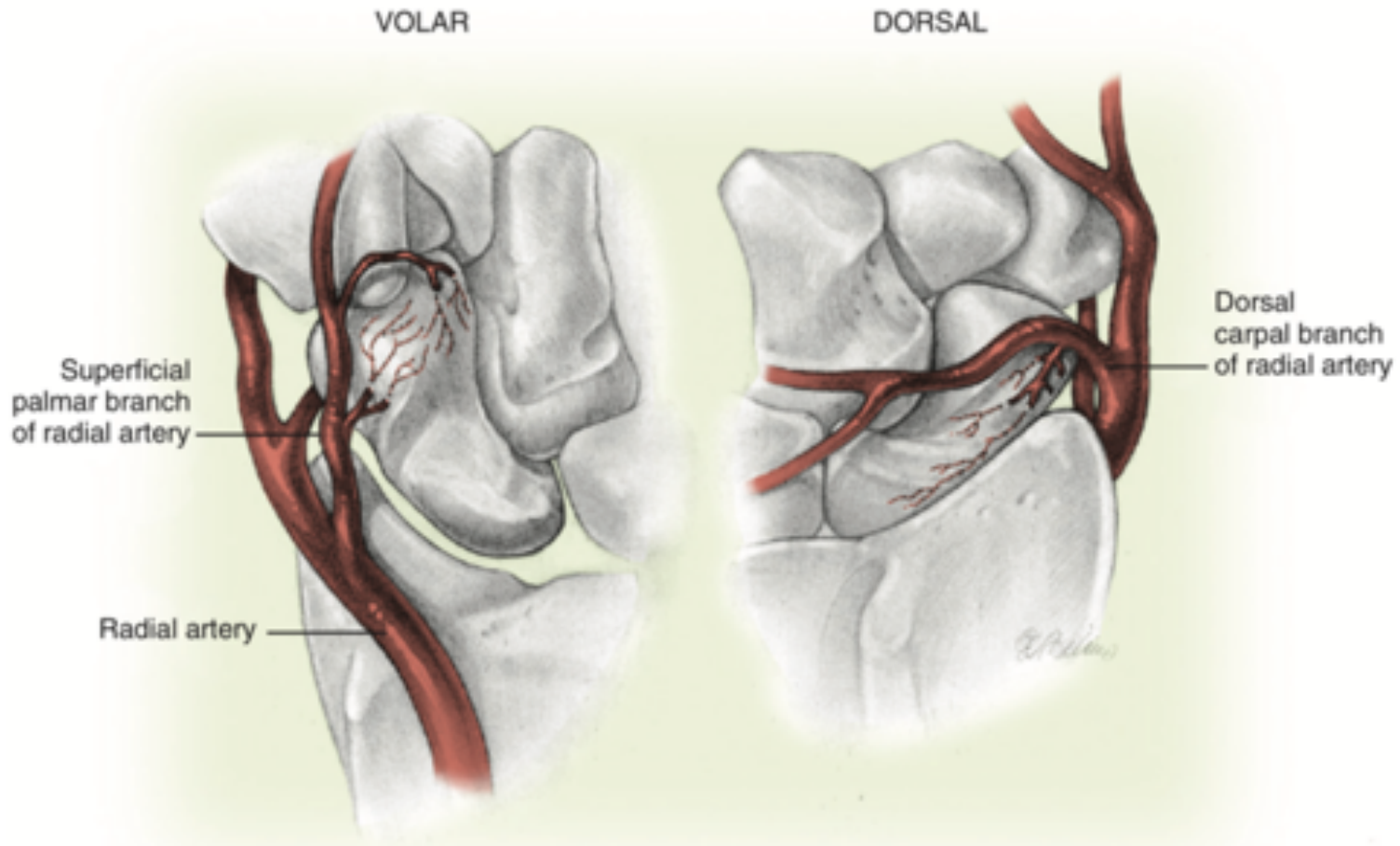
# CASE #3



# CASE #3

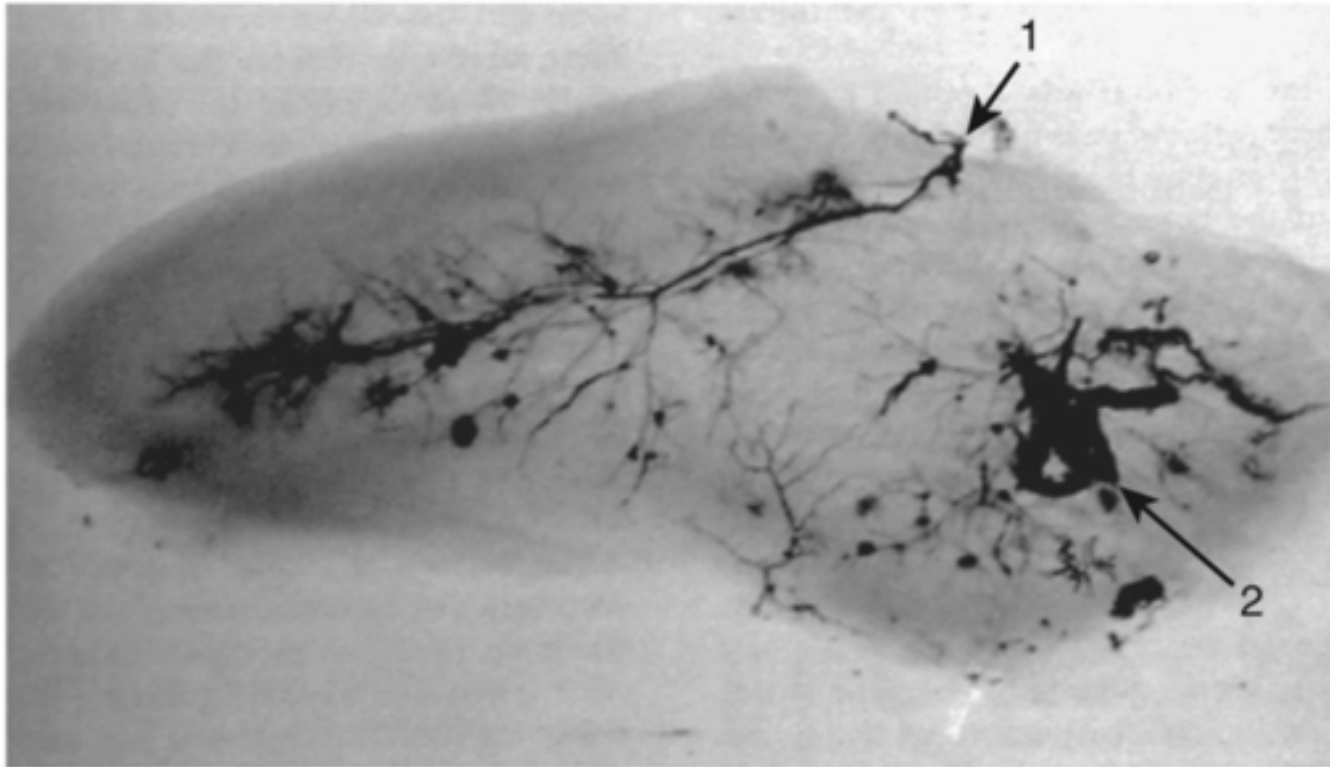


# CASE #3



# CASE #3

Gelbermann et al, J Hand Surg [Am] 5:508-513, 1980  
Studied the intraosseous anatomy using injection techniques





# CASE #3

Mayo



Distal articular surface



Distal tubercle



Distal third



Middle third



Proximal third

van Leerdam 20<sup>11</sup>

# CASE #3

## Russe



**Figure 18.6** Classification of fractures of the scaphoid (Russe). HO, horizontal oblique; T, transverse; VO, vertical oblique. (*From Taleisnik J: The Wrist, New York, Churchill Livingstone, 1985. Redrawn by Elizabeth Martin.*)

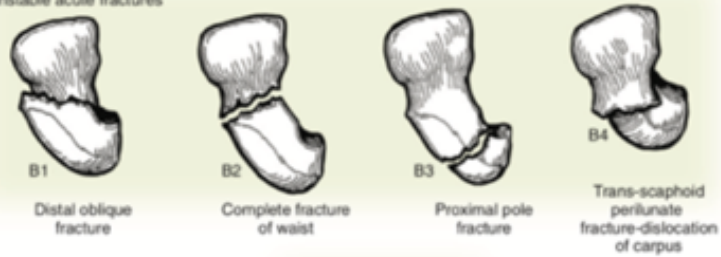
# CASE #3

## Herbert

Type A:  
Stable acute fractures



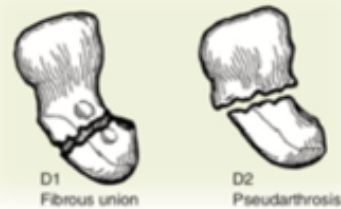
Type B:  
Unstable acute fractures



Type C:  
Delayed union



Type D:  
Established nonunion



# CASE #3

## Systematic review

- JHS Eur 2011 (Symes et al)
- Identified 8 studies comparing surgery vs conservative management of acute fractures
- No significant difference in
  - Pain, tenderness
  - Cost, functional outcome or patient satisfaction
- Plaster group
  - Above elbow no better than below elbow
  - Scaphoid cast no better than colles
- Surgical group
  - Non-union rate 3x lower (1.7% vs 10%)
  - Quicker return to function
  - Higher complication rate (CRPS, scar sensitivity, screw removal, STT arthritis)

# CASE #3

## Ongoing research

### SWIFFT trial

- randomizing 400+ scaphoid fractures to either conservative or surgical management
- Primary outcome PRWE
- Secondary outcomes
  - Radiographic union
  - Quality of life
  - ROM and grip strength
  - Complications

Scaphoid Waist Internal Fixation for Fractures Trial (SWIFFT) protocol: a pragmatic multi-centre randomised controlled trial of cast treatment versus surgical fixation for the treatment of bi-cortical, minimally displaced fractures of the scaphoid waist in adults

Joseph Dias<sup>1\*</sup>, Stephen Brealey<sup>2</sup>, Surabhi Choudhary<sup>3</sup>, Liz Cook<sup>2</sup>, Matthew Costa<sup>4</sup>, Caroline Fairhurst<sup>2</sup>, Catherine Hewitt<sup>2</sup>, Stephen Hodgson<sup>6</sup>, Laura Jefferson<sup>2</sup>, Kanagaratnam Jeyapalan<sup>7</sup>, Ada Keding<sup>2</sup>, Paul Leighton<sup>8</sup>, Amar Rangan<sup>9</sup>, Gerry Richardson<sup>10</sup>, Claire Rothery<sup>10</sup>, Nicholas Taub<sup>11</sup>, John Thompson<sup>12</sup> and David Torgerson<sup>5</sup>

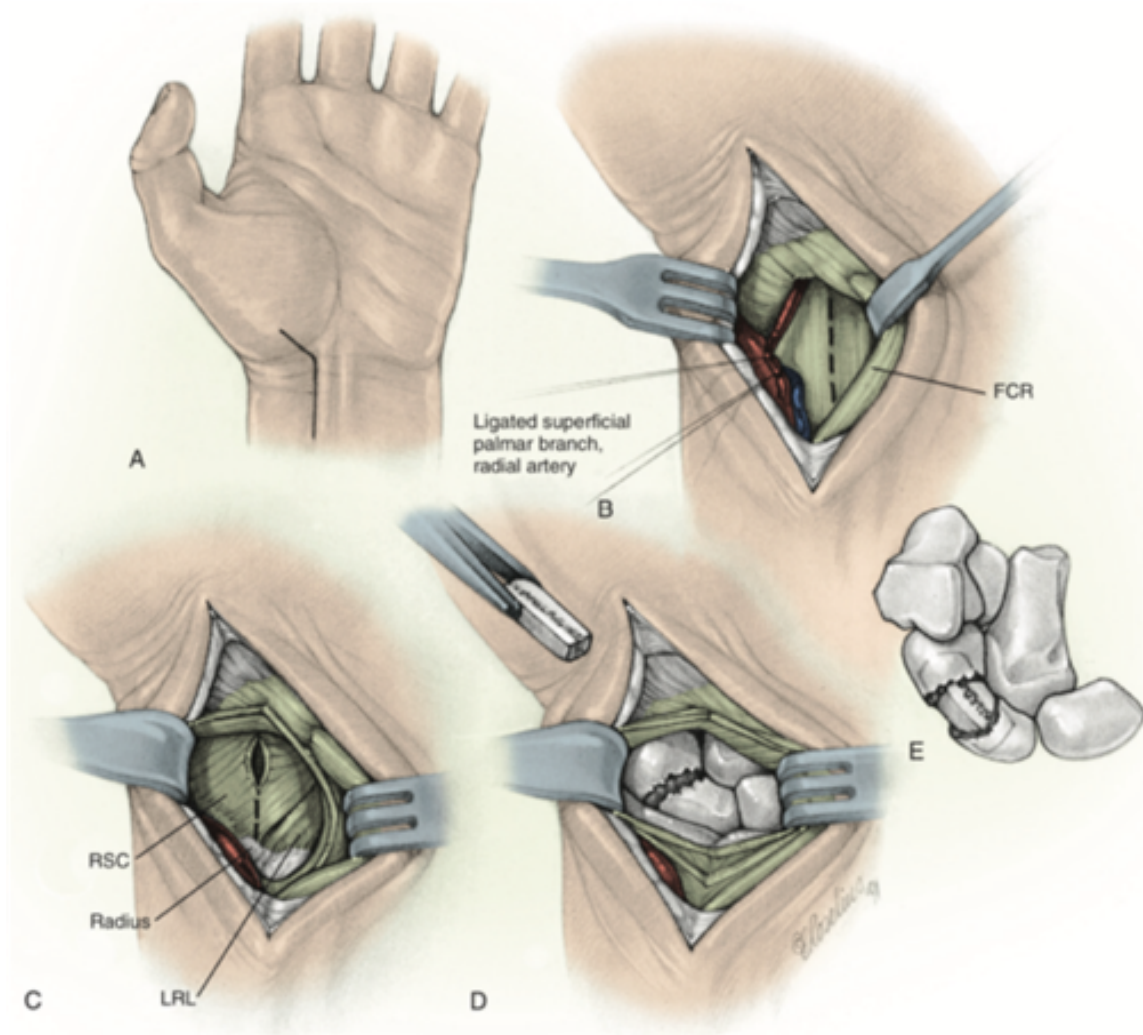


# CASE #3

## Approaches

- Volar approach
  - Incision made along radial border of thenar eminence and proximally along radial aspect of FCR tendon
  - Sheath of FCR is incised and FCR is retracted ulnarly to protect palmar cutaneous branch of median nerve
  - Longitudinal incision is then made in floor of FCR sheath to expose distal pole and waist of scaphoid
  - Fixation as before

# CASE #3





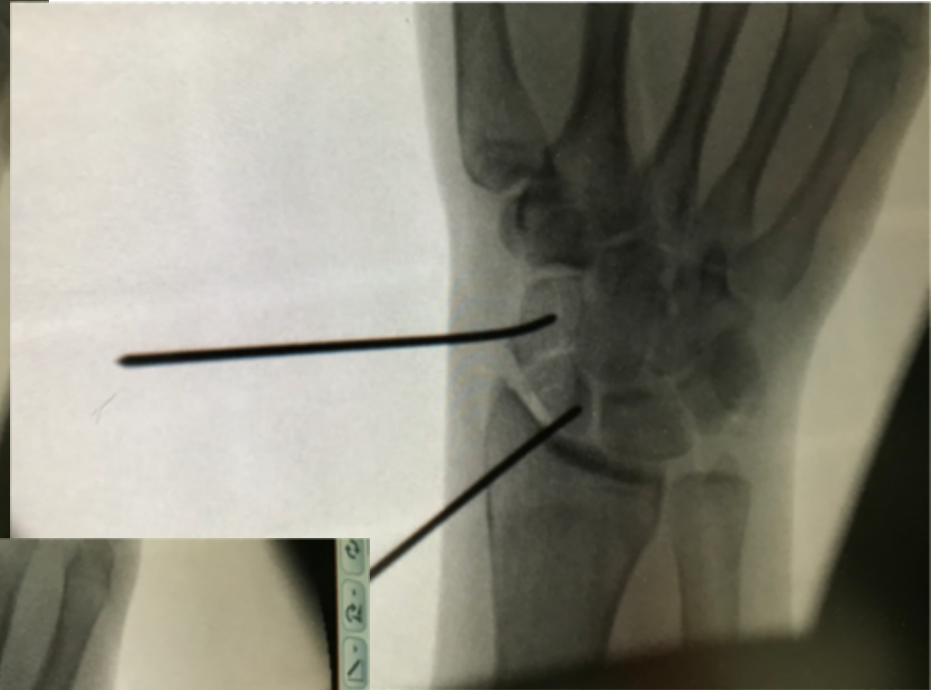
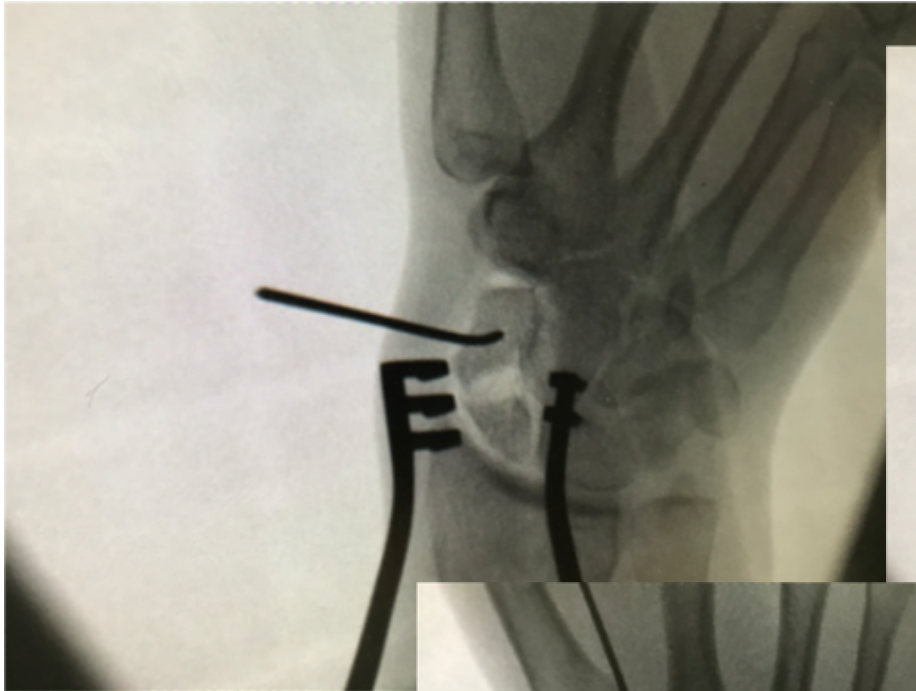
# CASE #3

## Approaches

- Dorsal approach
  - Incision between 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> dorsal compartments over radiocarpal joint
  - EPL tendon released from its sheath and retracted radially
  - Longitudinal incision is then made in wrist capsule, exposing scapholunate joint
  - Reduce fracture if necessary and provisionally hold with k-wires
  - Insert headless compression screw



# CASE #3



# CASE #3



# CASE #3

## My Management Algorithm

- Unsure if there is fracture
  - Get MRI scan
- Unsure of displacement
  - Get CT scan
- Treat in scaphoid cast for 6-12 weeks if stable / undisplaced fracture – image at 2, 6 and 12 weeks
- Fix fracture if
  - Displaced
  - proximal pole
  - clinically indicated (elite athlete, bilateral fractures, part of a more extensive carpal injury / dislocation etc...)

# ANY QUESTIONS ?

